# CHEMISTRY IN EVERYDAY LIFE

6.

7.

8.

9.

- 1. The gas released during anaerobic degradation of vegetation may lead to :
  - (1) Ozone hole
  - (2) Acid rain
  - (3) Corrosion of metals
  - (4) Global warming and cancer
- 2. Most suitable salt which can be used for efficient clotting of blood will be :-
  - (1) NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (2) FeSO<sub>4</sub>
  - (3)  $Mg(HCO_3)_2$  (4)  $FeCl_3$
- **3.** Match List-I and List-II.

List-I		List-II		
(a) Valium	(i)	•	-	
(b) Morphine		Pernicious ana	iemia	
		Analgesic		
(d) Vitamin $B_{12}$	(iv)	Tranquilizer		
(1) (a)–(iv), (b)–(iii	i), (c)–	(ii), (d)–(i)		
(2) (a)–(iv), (b)–(iii	i), (c)–	(i), (d)–(ii)		
(3) (a)–(ii), (b)–(iv)	), (c)–(	(iii), (d)–(i)		
(4) (a)–(i), (b)–(iii)	, (c)–(	iv), (d)–(ii)		
The functions of an	tihista	mine are :		
(1) Antiallergic and	l Anal	gesic		
(2) Antacid and ant	iallerg	gic		
(3) Analgesic and a	intacid			
(4) Antiallergic and	l antid	epressant		
With respect to	drug	g-enzyme in	teracti	ion,
identify the wrong	statem	ent:		
(1) Non-Competit	ive ir	nhibitor bind	s to	the
allosteric site				
(2) Allosteric inhi	bitor	changes the	enzyn	ne's
active site				
(3) Allosteric inh	nibitor	competes	with	the
enzyme's active	e site			

(4) Competitive inhibitor binds to the enzyme's active site

## Chemistry in Everyday Life

1

Match List-I with List-	.II ·			
List-I List-II				
Chemical	Used as			
Compound	o sou us			
-	(i) Synthetic detergent			
	(ii) Artificial sweetener			
of stearic acid	()			
(c) Sodium	(iii) Antiseptic			
benzoate				
(d) Bithionol	(iv) Food preservative			
Choose the correct match	h :			
(1) (a)-(iv), (b)-(iii), (c	)-(ii), (d)-(i)			
(2) (a)-(ii), (b)-(i), (c)-(	(iv), (d)-(iii)			
(3) (a)-(iii), (b)-(ii), (c)	-(iv), (d)-(i)			
(4) (a)-(i), (b)-(ii), (c)-(	(iv), (d)-(iii)			
Match the list -I with li	ist - II			
List-I	List-II			
(Class of Drug)	(Example)			
(a) Antacid	(i) Novestrol			
(b) Artificial sweetene	r (ii) Cimetidine			
(c) Antifertility	(iii) Valium			
(d) Tranquilizers	(iv) Alitame			
(1) (a) - (ii), (b) - (iv),(c) - (i), (d) - (iii)				
(2) (a) – (iv), (b) – (i),(	(c) - (ii), (d) - (iii)			
(3) (a) - (iv), (b) - (iii), (c) - (i), (d) - (ii)				
(4) (a) - (ii), (b) - (iv), (c) - (iii), (d) - (i)				
Match List - I with Lis				
List - I	List - II			
(Class of Chemicals)	(Example)			
(a) Antifertility drug	(i) Meprobamate			
(b) Antibiotic	(ii) Alitame			
(c) Tranquilizer	(iii) Norethindrone			
(d) Artificial Sweetene	r (iv) Salvarsan			
(1) (a)-(ii), (b)-(iii), (c)-(iv), (d)-(i)				
(2) (a)-(iv), (b)-(iii), (c)-(ii), (d)-(i)				
(3) (a)-(iii), (b)-(iv), (c)-(i), (d)-(ii)				
(4) (a)-(ii), (b)-(iv), (c)-(i), (d)-(iii)				
Thiamine and pyridoxine are also known				
respectively as :				
(1) Vitamin $B_2$ and Vitamin E				
(2) Vitamin E and Vitamin B <sub>2</sub>				
(3) Vitamin $B_6$ and Vitamin $B_2$				
(4) Vitamin $B_1$ and Vi	tamin B <sub>6</sub>			

Ε

node06/B0BA-BB\Kota\JEE MAIN\Jee Main-2021\_Subject Topic PDF With Solution\Chemistry\Eng\Chemistry in Everyday Life

4.

5.

### 2 Chemistry in Everyday Life

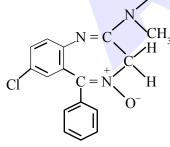
- Sodium stearate CH<sub>3</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>16</sub>COO<sup>-</sup>Na<sup>+</sup> is an anionic surfactant which forms micelles in oil. Choose the correct statement for it from the following :
  - (1) It forms spherical micelles with CH<sub>3</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>16</sub>
    group pointing towards the centre of sphere.
  - (2) It forms non-spherical micelles with-COO<sup>-</sup> group pointing outwards on the surface.
  - (3) It forms spherical micelles with CH<sub>3</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>16</sub> group pointing outwards on the surface of sphere
  - (4) It forms non-spherical micelles with CH<sub>3</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>16</sub>-group pointing towards the centre.
- 11. Which one of the following chemical agent is not being used for dry–cleaning of clothes? (1)  $H_2O_2$  (2)  $CCl_4$ 
  - (3) Liquid  $CO_2$  (4)  $Cl_2C = CCl_2$
- 12. Match List-I with List-II :

List-I	List-II	
(Drug)	(Class of Drug)	
(a) Furacin	(i) Antibiotic	
(b) Arsphenamine	(ii) Tranquilizers	
(c) Dimetone	(iii) Antiseptic	
(d) Valium	(iv) Synthetic	
	antihistamines	

### Choose the **most appropriate** match :

- (1) (a)-(i), (b)-(iii), (c)-(iv), (d)-(ii)
- (2) (a)-(iii), (b)-(iv), (c)-(ii), (d)-(i)
- (3) (a)-(ii), (b)-(i), (c)-(iii), (d)-(iv)
- (4) (a)-(iii), (b)-(i), (c)-(iv), (d)-(ii)

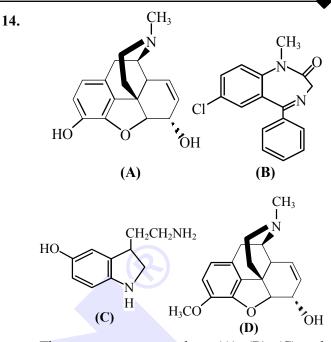




#### Chlordiazepoxide

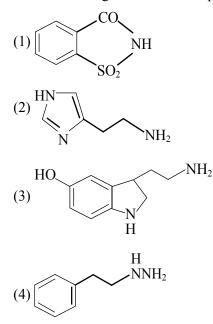
The class of drug to which chlordiazepoxide with above structure belongs is :

- (1) Antacid (2) Analgesic
- (3) Tranquilizer (4) Antibiotic



ALLEN®

- The correct statement about (A), (B), (C) and (D) is :
- (1) (A), (B) and (C) are narcotic analgesics
- (2) (B), (C) and (D) are tranquillizers
- (3) (A) and (D) are tranquillizers
- (4) (B) and (C) are tranquillizers
- **15.** Which one of the following chemicals is responsible for the production of HCl in the stomach leading to irritation and pain?



## ALLEN®

### **SOLUTION**

#### 1. Official Ans. by NTA (4)

Sol. The gas  $CH_4$  evolved due to anaerobic degradation of vegetation which causes global warming and cancer.

#### 2. Official Ans. by NTA (4)

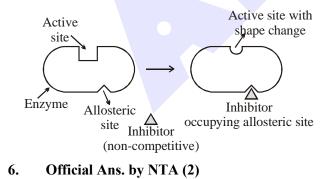
Sol. Blood : negatively charged sol According to Hardly-schulz rule, for the negatively charged sol, most (+) ve ion is needed for its efficient coagulation. Ans. : FeCl<sub>3</sub>

#### 3. Official Ans. by NTA (2)

- **Sol.** (a) Valium Tranquilizer (a)-(iv)
  - (b) Morphine Analgesic (b)-(iii)
  - (c) Norethindrone Antifertility Drug (c)-(i)
  - (d) Vitamin B<sub>12</sub> Pernicious anaemia (d)-(ii)
- 4. Official Ans. by NTA (2)
- 5. Official Ans. by NTA (3)
- **Sol.** Some durg do not bind to the Enzyme's active site. These bind to a different site of enzyme which called **allosteric site**.

This binding of inhibitor at allosteric site changes the shape of the active site in such a way that substrate can not recognise it.

Such inhibitor is known as **Non-competitive** inhibitor.



- **Sol.** Artificial sweetner : Sucralose
  - Antiseptic : Bithional
  - Preservative : Sodium Benzoate
  - Glyceryl ester of stearic acid : Sodium steasate

# Chemistry in Everyday Life

3

7.	Official Ans. by NTA (1)
Sol.	
	<ul><li>(b) Artifical Sweetener : Alitame</li><li>(c) Antifertility : Novestrol</li></ul>
	(c) Antifertility: Novestrol(d) Tranquilizers: Valium
8.	Official Ans. by NTA (3)
Sol.	(A) Antifertility drug $\rightarrow$ (iii) Nor ethindrone
	(B) Antibiotic $\rightarrow$ (iv) Salvarsan
	(C) Tranquilizer $\rightarrow$ (i) Meprobamate
	(D) Artificial sweetener $\rightarrow$ (ii) Alitame
Ans.	A–iii, B-iv, C-i, D-ii
9.	Official Ans. by NTA (4)
Sol.	Vitamine-B <sub>1</sub> is also known as Thiamine while vitamin B-6 is known as Pyridoxine
10.	Official Ans. by NTA (1)
Sol.	Forms spherical micelles with $CH_3(CH_2)_{16}$ group pointing towards the centre of sphere
11.	
Sol.	CO <sub>2</sub> , CCl <sub>4</sub> and Cl <sub>2</sub> C = CCl <sub>2</sub> are used as dry
	cleaning agents for clothes.
	$H_2O_2$ is used as bleaching agent in laundry.
12.	Official Ans. by NTA (4)
Sol.	$\rightarrow$ furacine acts as Antiseptic
	$\rightarrow$ Arsphenamine also known as salvarsan acts as antibiotic
	$\rightarrow$ Dimetone is synthetic histamine
	$\rightarrow$ valium is a Tranqulizer
13.	Official Ans. by NTA (3)
Sol.	The drug named chlordiate poxide is example
	of tranquilizer.
14.	Official Ans. by NTA (4)
Sol.	B and C are tranquilizers
15.	Official Ans. by NTA (2)
Sol.	Histamine stimulate the secretion of HCl
	HN NH <sub>2</sub>

Histamine structure

Е

node06\B0BA-BB\Kota\IEE MAIN\Jee Main-2021\_Subject Topic PDF With Solution\Chemistry\Eng\Chemistry in Everyday Life