## CHEMISTRY

## SECTION-A

61. The molar conductivity for electrolytes A and B are plotted against $\mathrm{C}^{1 / 2}$ as shown below. Electrolytes A and B respectively are :


A
(1) Weak electrolyte
(2) Strong electrolyte
(3) Weak electrolyte
(4) Strong electrolyte

B
weak electrolyte strong electrolyte strong electrolyte weak electrolyte

Ans. (3)
62. Methods used for purification of organic compounds are based on :
(1) neither on nature of compound nor on the impurity present.
(2) nature of compound only.
(3) nature of compound and presence of impurity.
(4) presence of impurity only.

Ans. (3)
63. In the following sequence of reaction, the major products B and C respectively are :

(1)

(2)

and

(3)
 and

(4)
 and


Ans. (1)

## TEST PAPER WITH ANSWER

64. Correct order of basic strength of Pyrrole


(1) Piperidine $>$ Pyridine $>$ Pyrrole
(2) Pyrrole $>$ Pyridine $>$ Piperidine
(3) Pyridine $>$ Piperidine $>$ Pyrrole
(4) Pyrrole $>$ Piperidine $>$ Pyridine

Ans. (1)
65. In which one of the following pairs the central atoms exhibit $\mathrm{sp}^{2}$ hybridization?
(1) $\mathrm{BF}_{3}$ and $\mathrm{NO}_{2}^{-}$
(2) $\mathrm{NH}_{2}^{-}$and $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$
(3) $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ and $\mathrm{NO}_{2}$
(4) $\mathrm{NH}_{2}^{-}$and $\mathrm{BF}_{3}$

Ans. (1)
66. The $\mathrm{F}^{-}$ions make the enamel on teeth much harder by converting hydroxyapatite (the enamel on the surface of teeth) into much harder fluoroapatite having the formula.
(1) $\left[3\left(\mathrm{Ca}_{3}\left(\mathrm{PO}_{4}\right)_{2}\right) \cdot \mathrm{CaF}_{2}\right]$
(2) $\left[3\left(\mathrm{Ca}_{2}\left(\mathrm{PO}_{4}\right)_{2}\right) \cdot \mathrm{Ca}(\mathrm{OH})_{2}\right]$
(3) $\left[3\left(\mathrm{Ca}_{3}\left(\mathrm{PO}_{4}\right)_{3}\right) \cdot \mathrm{CaF}_{2}\right]$
(4) $\left[3\left(\mathrm{Ca}_{3}\left(\mathrm{PO}_{4}\right)_{2}\right) \cdot \mathrm{Ca}(\mathrm{OH})_{2}\right]$

Ans. (1)
67. Relative stability of the contributing structures is :

(1) (I) $>$ (III) $>$ (II)
(2) (I) $>$ (II) $>$ (III)
(3) (II) $>$ (I) $>$ (III)
(4) (III) $>$ (II) $>$ (I)

Ans. (2)

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68. Given below are two statements :

Statement (I) : The oxidation state of an element in a particular compound is the charge acquired by its atom on the basis of electron gain enthalpy consideration from other atoms in the molecule.

Statement (II) : $p \pi-p \pi$ bond formation is more prevalent in second period elements over other periods.
In the light of the above statements, choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below :
(1) Both Statement I and Statement II are incorrect
(2) Statement I is correct but Statement II is incorrect
(3) Both Statement I and Statement II are correct
(4) Statement I is incorrect but Statement II is correct

Ans. (4)
69. Given below are two statements : one is labelled as Assertion (A) and the other is labelled as Reason (R) :
Assertion (A) : $\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{N}} 2$ reaction of $\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Br}$ occurs more readily than the $\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{N}} 2$ reaction of $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Br}$.
Reason (R): The partially bonded unhybridized porbital that develops in the trigonal bipyramidal transition state is stabilized by conjugation with the phenyl ring.
In the light of the above statements, choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below :
(1) (A) is not correct but ( $R$ ) is correct
(2) Both (A) and (R) are correct but ( $\mathbf{R}$ ) is not the correct explanation of (A)
(3) Both (A) and (R) are correct and (R) is the correct explanation of (A)
(4) (A) is correct but ( $\mathbf{R}$ ) is not correct

Ans. (3)
70. For the given compounds, the correct order of increasing $\mathrm{pK}_{\mathrm{a}}$ value :
(A)

(B)

(C)

(D)

(E)

(1) (E) $<$ (D) $<$ (C) $<$ (B) $<$ (A)
(2) (D) $<$ (E) $<$ (C) $<$ (B) $<$ (A)
(3) (E) $<$ (D) $<$ (B) $<$ (A) $<$ (C)
(4) (B) $<$ (D) $<$ (A) $<$ (C) $<$ (E)

Allen Ans. (BONUS)
NTA Ans. (4)
71. Given below are two statements : one is labelled as Assertion (A) : and the other is labelled as Reason (R).

Assertion (A) : Both rhombic and monoclinic sulphur exist as $\mathrm{S}_{8}$ while oxygen exists as $\mathrm{O}_{2}$.
Reason (R): Oxygen forms $\mathrm{p} \pi-\mathrm{p} \pi$ multiple bonds with itself and other elements having small size and high electronegativity like $\mathrm{C}, \mathrm{N}$, which is not possible for sulphur.
In the light of the above statements, choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below:
(1) Both (A) and (R) are correct and (R) is the correct explanation of (A).
(2) Both (A) and (R) are correct but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A).
(3) (A) is correct but (R) is not correct.
(4) (A) is not correct but ( $R$ ) is correct.

Ans. (3)

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72. Given below are two statements : one is labelled as Assertion (A) and the other is labelled as Reason (R). Assertion (A): The total number of geometrical isomers shown by $\left[\mathrm{Co}(\mathrm{en})_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right]^{+}$complex ion is three Reason (R): $\left[\mathrm{Co}(\mathrm{en})_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right]^{+}$complex ion has an octahedral geometry.
In the light of the above statements, choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below :
(1) Both (A) and ( $\mathbf{R}$ ) are correct and ( $\mathbf{R}$ ) is the correct explanation of (A).
(2) (A) is correct but ( $\mathbf{R}$ ) is not correct.
(3) (A) is not correct but ( $\mathbf{R}$ ) is correct.
(4) Both (A) and (R) are correct but ( $\mathbf{R}$ ) is not the correct explanation of (A).
Ans. (3)
73. The electronic configuration of $\mathrm{Cu}(\mathrm{II})$ is $3 d^{9}$ whereas that of $\mathrm{Cu}(\mathrm{I})$ is $3 \mathrm{~d}^{10}$. Which of the following is correct?
(1) $\mathrm{Cu}(\mathrm{II})$ is less stable
(2) Stability of $\mathrm{Cu}(\mathrm{I})$ and $\mathrm{Cu}(\mathrm{II})$ depends on nature of copper salts
(3) $\mathrm{Cu}($ II $)$ is more stable
(4) $\mathrm{Cu}(\mathrm{I})$ and $\mathrm{Cu}(\mathrm{II})$ are equally stable

Ans. (3)
74.


What is the structure of C ?
(1)

(2)

(3)

(4)


Ans. (1)
75. Compare the energies of following sets of quantum numbers for multielectron system.
(A) $\mathrm{n}=4,1=1$
(B) $\mathrm{n}=4, \mathrm{l}=2$
(C) $\mathrm{n}=3,1=1$
(D) $\mathrm{n}=3, \mathrm{l}=2$
(E) $n=4,1=0$

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:
(1) (B) $>($ A $)>($ C $)>($ E $)>$ (D)
(2) (E) $>$ (C) $<$ (D) $<$ (A) $<$ (B)
(3) (E) $>$ (C) $>$ (A) $>$ (D) $>$ (B)
(4) $($ C $)<($ E $)<($ D) $<$ (A) $<$ (B)

Ans. (4)
76. Identify major product "X" formed in the following reaction

(1)

(2)

(3)

(4)


Ans. (3)
77. Identify the product A and product B in the following set of reactions.

(1) $\mathrm{A}-\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{OH}, \mathrm{B}-\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{OH}$
(2) $\mathrm{A}-\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{OH}, \mathrm{B}-\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{C}$
(3)

(4) $\mathrm{A}-\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}, \mathrm{~B}-\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}$

Ans. (3)
78. On reaction of Lead Sulphide with dilute nitric acid which of the following is not formed ?
(1) Lead nitrate
(2) Sulphur
(3) Nitric oxide
(4) Nitrous oxide

Ans. (4)

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79. Identify the incorrect statements regarding primary standard of titrimetric analysis
(A) It should be purely available in dry form.
(B) It should not undergo chemical change in air.
(C) It should be hygroscopic and should react with another chemical instantaneously and stoichiometrically.
(D) It should be readily soluble in water.
(E) $\mathrm{KMnO}_{4} \& \mathrm{NaOH}$ can be used as primary standard.

Choose the correct answer from the options given below :
(1) (C) and (D) only
(2) (B) and (E) only
(3) (A) and (B) only
(4) (C) and (E) only

Ans. (4)
80. $0.05 \mathrm{M} \mathrm{CuSO}_{4}$ when treated with $0.01 \mathrm{M} \mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{Cr}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{7}$ gives green colour solution of $\mathrm{Cu}_{2} \mathrm{Cr}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{7}$. The [SPM : Semi Permeable Membrane]

$$
\begin{array}{c|c}
\hline \mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{Cr}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{7} & \mathrm{CuSO}_{4} \\
\hline
\end{array}
$$

Side X SPM SideY
Due to osmosis :
(1) Green colour formation observed on side Y.
(2) Green colour formation observed on side X .
(3) Molarity of $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{Cr}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{7}$ solution is lowered.
(4) Molarity of $\mathrm{CuSO}_{4}$ solution is lowered.

Ans. (4)

## SECTION-B

81. The heat of solution of anhydrous $\mathrm{CuSO}_{4}$ and $\mathrm{CuSO}_{4} \cdot 5 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ are $-70 \mathrm{~kJ} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1}$ and $+12 \mathrm{~kJ} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1}$ respectively.

The heat of hydration of $\mathrm{CuSO}_{4}$ to $\mathrm{CuSO}_{4} \cdot 5 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ is
$-x k J$. The value of $x$ is $\qquad$ .

Ans. (82)
82. Given below are two statements :

Statement I : The rate law for the reaction A + B $\rightarrow \mathrm{C}$ is rate $(\mathrm{r})=\mathrm{k}[\mathrm{A}]^{2}[\mathrm{~B}]$. When the concentration of both A and B is doubled, the reaction rate is increased " $x$ " times.

## Statement II :



The figure is showing "the variation in concentration against time plot" for a " $y$ " order reaction.
The value of $x+y$ is $\qquad$ .
Ans. (8)
83. How many compounds among the following compounds show inductive, mesomeric as well as hyperconjugation effects?






Ans. (4)
84. The standard reduction potentials at 298 K for the following half cells are given below :
$\mathrm{Cr}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{7}^{2-}+14 \mathrm{H}^{+}+6 \mathrm{e}^{-} \rightarrow 2 \mathrm{Cr}^{3+}+7 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}, \mathrm{E}^{\circ}=1.33 \mathrm{~V}$
$\mathrm{Fe}^{3+}(\mathrm{aq})+3 \mathrm{e}^{-} \rightarrow \mathrm{Fe} \quad \mathrm{E}^{\circ}=-0.04 \mathrm{~V}$
$\mathrm{Ni}^{2+}(\mathrm{aq})+2 \mathrm{e}^{-} \rightarrow \mathrm{Ni} \quad \mathrm{E}^{\circ}=-0.25 \mathrm{~V}$
$\mathrm{Ag}^{+}(\mathrm{aq})+\mathrm{e}^{-} \rightarrow \mathrm{Ag} \quad \mathrm{E}^{\circ}=0.80 \mathrm{~V}$
$\mathrm{Au}^{3+}(\mathrm{aq})+3 \mathrm{e}^{-} \rightarrow \mathrm{Au} \quad \mathrm{E}^{\circ}=1.40 \mathrm{~V}$
Consider the given electrochemical reactions,
The number of metal(s) which will be oxidized be $\mathrm{Cr}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{7}^{2-}$, in aqueous solution is $\qquad$ .
Ans. (3)

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85. When equal volume of 1 M HCl and $1 \mathrm{M} \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$ are separately neutralised by excess volume of 1 M NaOH solution. X and y kJ of heat is liberated respectively. The value of $y / x$ is $\qquad$ .

Ans. (2)
86. Molarity (M) of an aqueous solution containing $\times \mathrm{g}$ of anhyd. $\mathrm{CuSO}_{4}$ in 500 mL solution at $32{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ is $2 \times 10^{-1} \mathrm{M}$. Its molality will be $\qquad$ $\times 10^{-3} \mathrm{~m}$. (nearest integer).
[Given density of the solution $=1.25 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mL}$.]
Allen Ans. (164)
NTA Ans. (81)
87. The total number of species from the following in which one unpaired electron is present, is $\qquad$ -.

$$
\mathrm{N}_{2}, \mathrm{O}_{2}, \mathrm{C}_{2}^{-}, \mathrm{O}_{2}^{-}, \mathrm{O}_{2}^{2-}, \mathrm{H}_{2}^{+}, \mathrm{CN}^{-}, \mathrm{He}_{2}^{+}
$$

Ans. (4)
88. Number of ambidentate ligands among the following is $\qquad$ .
$\mathrm{NO}_{2}^{-}, \mathrm{SCN}^{-}, \mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{4}^{2-}, \mathrm{NH}_{3}, \mathrm{CN}^{-}, \mathrm{SO}_{4}^{2-}, \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$.
Ans. (3)
89. Total number of essential amino acid among the given list of amino acids is $\qquad$ .

Arginine, Phenylalanine, Aspartic acid, Cysteine, Histidine, Valine, Proline

Ans. (4)
90. Number of colourless lanthanoid ions among the following is $\qquad$ .

$$
\mathrm{Eu}^{3+}, \mathrm{Lu}^{3+}, \mathrm{Nd}^{3+}, \mathrm{La}^{3+}, \mathrm{Sm}^{3+}
$$

Ans. (2)

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